



MONDAY EVENING, JAN. 27, 1908.

At a dinner of the New York Bar Association at the Waldorf-Astoria Saturday evening ex-Ambassador Joseph H. Choate made a pointed attack upon President Roosevelt, demanding that the Chief Executive should either name eminent malefactors whom he denounces or else stop denouncing them. Mr. Choate also declared that the tendency to confuse the functions of the executive, judicial, and legislative departments of the government must be checked. With us everything is away up or away down. Recently Mr. Roosevelt was "the most popular ever," now he does not appear to advantage. If he means to transmit his policies to Secretary Taft he should save the remnants of his popularity to go along with the outfit.

AN EFFORT to divide the administration following in the South is seen in the appeal of William E. Chandler and William Pitt Kellogg (of unsavory memory) to the voters of that section not to send to the republican national convention delegations solidly instructed in favor of any one candidate, warning them against allowing the delegates to be named or controlled by federal office holders and protesting against excluding the colored republicans from active participation in party affairs. These two worthies know from experience that there is a better chance of buying the average southern republican delegate if he goes to the national convention un-instructed.

REPRESENTATIVE KEIFER, of Ohio, chairman of the sub-committee on pensions of the House committee on appropriations, on Saturday announced that that committee has agreed to recommend a pension roll of \$150,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1909. This will be about \$7,000,000 in excess of the pension roll of the present fiscal year, though the pension bureau reports a decided falling off in the number of pensioners by reason of death. It would seem from the above that the G. A. R. has determined that there shall be no decrease in the amount of pension money even if time does decimate the ranks of the pensioners.

THE shipbuilding summary for 1907, compiled by the Shipping World, shows that the United States ranks second for the year in the total tonnage of ships constructed, only England having outstripped this country. This will be a jolt for those who are trying to induce Congress to pass ship subsidy bills on the ground that it does not pay to build ships in this country. If it did not pay they would not be built, for the ship owners are not out for their health.

MANY of the northern papers are taking umbrage at the inscription placed upon the monument to be erected at Andersonville, Ga., by the Daughters of the Confederacy in honor of Maj. Wilz. The reason of this is that every word in the inscription is the cold truth and that is just what many northern people don't want to be known about the whole Andersonville prison affair.

IF THE conduct of this Thaw trial proves to be an improvement upon that of the first in no other respect it certainly will be in the limitation of expert testimony to three witnesses on each side. It was chiefly the expert testimony that unduly protracted the last hearing, and it was generally admitted to have thrown no light whatever upon the sanity of the prisoner.

THE House of Delegates did a wise thing Friday when it defeated the bill providing for the popular election of members of the State corporation commission. There are too many elections already, and as a rule the Governors of Virginia can be trusted in making such appointments.

From Washington.

Washington, D. C., January 27. A conference was held today at the White House between President Roosevelt and the managing vice-presidents of a number of large railroads, at which several important questions were considered. Among the matters discussed was the request of the roads for a modification of the provision of the railroad rate law, which requires coal-carrying roads to dispose of their coal mine holdings by May 1st of this year, and the proposition that "pooling" shall be permitted under supervision of the Interstate Commerce Commission. The President's visitors requested that the government take one case of violation of the provision of the law relating to the sale of coal mine properties by May 1st up to the U. S. Supreme Court in order to test its constitutionality, and that in the meantime other prosecutions under that section be suspended. They explained that to sell out their mine holdings now under present financial conditions would be practically ruinous to the railroads. The President advised the railroad men to confer with the members of the Interstate Commerce Commission.

The Imperial Prussian flag is floating from the German embassy today in honor of the 49th birthday of Emperor William. For the same reason the flag

News of the Day.

Many of Germany's highest nobles have gathered at Berlin to greet Emperor William on his 49th birthday anniversary.

Jean Jumeau, leader of the revolutionary movement in Hayti, has been captured and shot to death, thus ending the revolution.

The employees of North Carolina railroads, fearing a reduction in pay, will petition the legislature of the State to repeal the 24-cent fare law.

It is rumored that Rev. William T. Russell, of the Baltimore Cathedral, will succeed Rev. Dr. D. J. Stafford as rector of St. Patrick's Church, Washington.

Frank E. O'Neil, second vice president of the Pulitzer Publishing Company, and General Manager of the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, died suddenly today.

President Roosevelt carries \$85,000 in life insurance, according to the Spectator Company, which publishes a list of 5,500 persons who have policies of more than \$50,000.

Attorney General Bonaparte has directed that a bill in equity be filed to set aside the control by the Union Pacific Railroad Company of the various competing lines between the Missouri and the Pacific Coast.

Jack London, who left San Francisco last May on a seven-year trip around the world to procure material for literary work, and for whose safety fears have been entertained, returned to San Francisco Saturday on the steamship Mariposa, from Tahiti.

Through a treaty of peace and working alliance signed in New York the Harriman and Gould railroad interests are reported in San Francisco to have terminated all conflicts, and hereafter the two big railroad systems will act in harmony in the West.

Detective Theodore B. Hall, better known as "Tod" Hall, one of the most experienced and efficient officers of the Baltimore police department, and widely known as an evangelist and lecturer, died of pneumonia after a brief illness at his residence in that city on Saturday evening.

Fire in the factory of the Norwich Belt Manufacturing Company, at Norwich, Conn., occupied on the first floor by the offices and saleroom of the company and on the two upper floors by the Davenport Fire Arms Company, today did about \$30,000 damage. The loss is partly covered by insurance.

The American torpedo-boat flotilla steamed into Buenos Aires shortly after 8 o'clock yesterday morning. Torpedo boats of the Argentine Republic's navy escorted them. A great crowd gathered on the wharves and other points of vantage and cheered repeatedly. The Americans were received with due honor.

"Ouida," Louise de la Ramee, the novelist, died Saturday at Viareggio, Italy, after an illness extending over a long period. She died in most distressing poverty, her only attendant being an old servant woman in whose arms she expired. She was completely blind in one eye and the other eye was badly affected, through her having suffered so much from exposure and privation. She was 68 years old.

The Thaws have been notified by attorneys for the Earl of Yarmouth that the latter will demand a settlement financially before submitting to a divorce, as he holds a paper signed by Alice Thaw before her marriage which will give him the right to collect heavily of her fortune.

The paper in an agreement that all her fortune shall pass to the house of Hertford in the event of her dying childless. One of the detectives who have been working on this case yesterday admitted that the Thaws expected an attempted hold-up for \$1,000,000 on the part of the earl, but were ready for it.

Sixtieth Congress.

Washington, Jan. 27.

SENATE.

Another chapter was written today in the Senate over a spirited controversy as to whether Circuit Judge Dayton, of West Virginia, has discriminated against the rights of labor when he recently restrained John Mitchell and the United Mine Workers in the interests of the Hitchman Coal and Coke Company of that State.

Senator Scott, who several days ago objected to the adoption of a resolution of inquiry presented by Mr. Culberson, read a telephone statement which he had received from Judge Dayton, in which Dayton, in effect, claimed that he had not issued any injunction against the United Mine Workers, but merely a restraining order, in accordance with custom where application and affidavits were submitted, as in the pending case, and that the continuance of the formal hearing on March 18 had been granted upon motion of the labor union, and after an agreement by counsel.

On request of Mr. Culberson his resolution calling for an investigation went over without action.

HOUSE.

The House today considered measures affecting the government of the District of Columbia.

THE GRIDIRON CLUB

It was a "grand political rally and barbecue," according to the official declaration of the twenty-third annual winter dinner tendered Saturday night by the Gridiron Club in Washington to saw a number of his old friends, but did not hold a formal political conference with the democratic leaders. He expects to see them today.

During the afternoon former Senator John K. Jones, who had been the democratic national committee chairman, and managed Mr. Bryan's campaign in 1896, called, and his visit was considered significant. Senator Jones came from a conference with William F. Sheehan, of New York, and it was said ex-Senator Jones had consented to act as the "go-between" for the New Yorker, who had been Alton B. Parker's manager in 1904, and Mr. Bryan. The message ex-Senator Jones was to carry Mr. Bryan was to ask him to decline to run or seek the democratic nomination for the presidency at the Denver convention.

The two democrats were closeted for sometime, and it is said last night Mr. Bryan questioned the right of Senator Jones and those behind him to ask him to resign now or to refuse the democratic nomination. He asked by what authority the request was made. When told that it came from the people, Mr. Bryan demanded to see the credentials held by Senator Jones and Mr. Sheehan. To all his callers Mr. Bryan was plain in his declaration that he was after the democratic nomination, and that he would stay in the race until the convention, in Denver, next July, when the democrats, through their chosen representatives, would speak.

New York Stock Market.

New York, Jan. 27.—The market showed a degree of strength this morning that was a general surprise to the professional element, and in spite of unfavorable news developments since the close Saturday, prices of nearly every thing traded in made material advances during the first hour. The one special feature of the market was the scant supply of stock and this supply up to a range of about 1 point over Saturday's close was quickly exhausted.

The tone of the stock market continued strong all through the forenoon and further gains were made after the end of the first hour. Later the advance was

The Legislature.

SENATE.

Almost the entire time of the senate on Saturday was taken up in the discussion of the Lassiter bill, providing for working of convicts on the public highways.

The senate, in executive session in the afternoon, confirmed nearly all the gubernatorial nominations for members of boards and superintendents of schools.

Senator Strode offered a bill providing that telephone and telegraph companies which have offices in towns of 100 or more population shall receive and deliver telephone and telegraph messages to competing line under such reasonable rules and regulations as shall be prescribed by the State corporation commission.

Senator Watkins offered a bill providing for an appropriation of \$85,000 for the purpose of providing a suitable building in Richmond for the proper display and exhibit of the State's mineral and timber exhibit at the Jamestown exposition. The exhibit represents an outlay of more than \$100,000, and has been given to the State on condition that it be kept intact and displayed at some central point in Virginia. The bill provides for purchase or condemnation of a site in Richmond.

The Senate passed the house bill to amend an act to validate the acknowledgment by mayors and members of councils, who are ex-officio justices of the peace, and whose power to take such acknowledgments has been questioned.

HOUSE.

Mr. Williams has introduced a bill providing that the execution of the sentence of death upon all criminals condemned in Virginia shall be by electricity. It provides for the installation of an electric chair at the State penitentiary, where, under the provisions of the Throckmorton bill, all executions are to take place, instead of being performed at county and city jails. The measure is favored by Speaker Boyd, and its prospects of passage are excellent.

If the House accepts the report of the sub-committee on finance the amount of income which any citizen of the State may receive, without being subject to the income tax, will be increased from \$500 to \$1,000. The report of the committee was made Saturday.

Mr. Pendleton, in an amendment to section 173, of the constitution, proposes to exempt all veterans of the civil war, Confederates and federalists, from the payment of poll taxes. Mr. Pendleton explains that while veterans are exempt from the payment of such taxes as a prerequisite to voting, yet the taxes are levied, and many are paid at a sacrifice.

Mr. Curlett offered a bill to protect oyster beds, and to make it unlawful for any person to catch crabs in the oyster beds of another when the beds are in actual use.

MONEY DUE VIRGINIA.

Mr. Carlin, of Virginia, introduced a bill in the House today requiring the government to pay to the State of Virginia \$120,000 which it borrowed from the State and used to help build the White House and other public buildings in Washington, and the interest which has accrued upon this debt, amounting to about \$1,500,000. The bill provides that this money shall be paid to the Mount Vernon Association to which the State has released all its claims for the debt, and that this association shall use the money for the construction of a splendid boulevard along the south bank of the Potomac from that point where the proposed Memorial Bridge will touch to Mount Vernon. The boulevard is to be 20 feet wide, and sections of it are to be assigned to the different States for decoration.

Mr. Carlin said the government has never denied the claim of Virginia to this money, but that it had never been actively pushed by the State. A bill similar to this was passed by the Senate in former years but was never acted on by the House.

Congress appropriated \$50,000 to survey for the proposed boulevard, however, and this survey has been made already by the War Department. Three routes have been considered, one along the river bank and passing to the east of Alexandria, another passing directly through Alexandria by way of Washington street, and the third on the bluffs overlooking the river.

MUST STOP DRINKING.

Employees of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad having anything to do with the direction or running of trains will not be permitted to use intoxicants at any time hereafter—either on or off duty—and no person using such beverage will be employed, according to a general notice recently sent out by Mr. George L. Potter, third vice president and head of the operating department. Under no circumstances will exceptions be made.

It is believed by the management of the road that this is an important step in the effort to reduce accidents to the minimum and to raise the efficiency of the service and the safety of patrons in travel to the highest standard. The object for this action is plainly expressed in the first paragraph of the circular, which states: "For the protection of life and property and good service the enforcement is imperative."

The order applies to dispatchers, trainmasters, engineers, firemen, brakemen, conductors, yardmen and all employees having anything whatever to do with the handling of trains.

THE FINANCIAL BILL.

An all-day conference of the democratic Senators Saturday resulted in directions to the minority of the committee on finance to prepare a bill which will be urged as a substitute for the Aldrich bill. The democratic of the finance committee will take no action along these lines until the data requested of the Treasury Department, and promised for early this week, have been received and gone over.

Judging from the views expressed by the democrats in conference yesterday a bill somewhat along the lines of the measure recently suggested by Senator Bailey will be forthcoming. Senator Bailey's proposed substitute for the Aldrich measure provides for the issuance of money by the government instead of by the banks.

Kenneth's Favorite Cough Syrup acts upon the bowels and thereby drives the cold out of the system. It contains no opiates—it is pleasant to take and is highly recommended for children. Sold by W. F. Craghton.

Warren street, New York.

Today's Telegraphic News.

The Vanderbilt Wedding.
New York, Jan. 27.—Miss Vanderbilt's marriage, to Count Laszlo Szecsenyi of Hungary took place at noon at the house of her mother, Mrs. Vanderbilt, in west 57th street. The large drawing room were utilized for the ceremony, which was that of the Roman Catholic Church, and performed by the Right Rev. Monsignor Lavelle, rector of St. Patrick's Cathedral. This is the only ceremony that will be performed. By request of the contracting parties, the ceremony is the briefest permitted by church rules. It was part in latin and part in English, the form usually employed when one of the contracting parties is a Protestant and the other a Roman Catholic.

The musical features were furnished by the choir of the Cathedral, arrayed in white surplices and scarlet cassocks, and by Nuban Franko and his orchestra. Miss Vanderbilt was attended by her cousin, Miss Ruth Twombly, and by her intimate friend, Miss Dorothy Whitney, as bridesmaids, and by her niece, Mrs. Harry Payne Whitney's little daughter, Flora, as flower girl. All three were dressed in frocks of white chiffon and of lace. The bridesmaids carried large pink muffs, which were trimmed with white astrich plume. The bride, who was given away by her elder brother, Cornelius Vanderbilt, carried a bouquet of white orchids. Count Anton S. Gray, of Vienna, acted as Count Szecsenyi's best man.

The wedding gown of the bride was made in the princess style. Tiny puff sleeves, looped with sprays of orange blossoms, met the length of white muffs and gloves which covered the arms. The floral decorations were elaborate and beautiful. Many specimen palms had been obtained, twenty-five to thirty feet in height. Red roses were also used. The drawing room was adorned with yellow orchids, arranged in vases. In the ballroom the Roxy Flower Company erected a grove of green, and the palms forming this arch were entirely covered with mauve orchids, of which several thousand were used.

The ceremony was performed in this bower of tropical flowers, and the bride party approached it through an aisle formed by palms, so tall that they did not obstruct the view of the guests grouped on either side. Orchids were arranged on these trees in a way almost to suggest their having grown on them, for the chief idea of the whole scheme was to have it as natural and tropical in its effect as possible.

Standing under a bridal altar of orchids, Count Szecsenyi and his bride made their vows. Streamers of orchids trailed from the bride bower to the lofty ceiling of the drawing room, while banks of orchids masked tall windows and immense clusters gleamed in fantastic designs on the tapestry walls.

The big feature of the decorations, outside of the lavish and costly display of orchids was the electrical illumination. All of the windows in the house were very heavily draped and artificial light was used in its entirety.

Thousands of bulbs ranging from the smallest to the largest incandescent globes made were used and points of electric flames assumed fantastic shapes as alternately turned on and off by the electricians in charge.

In the selection of guests the social roster of the "400" was rubrically slashed and save for a few friends of the bridegroom, who had crossed the ocean to attend the ceremony, the Austrian Ambassador and a few of his suite, those present among the 300 who witnessed the ceremony were for the most part members of the immediate circle of friends in which the Vanderbilts moved.

The Austrian Ambassador and Baroness Hangelmuller, with Count Szecsenyi's relatives, and the Hon. Violet Vivian, a member of Queen Alexandra's household, comprised the foreign visitors.

The ceremony was followed by a breakfast, which was served at small tables in the dining room, hall and various rooms on the drawing room floor. The bride table was decorated with a large centerpiece of white orchids. The other tables were decorated with flowers to harmonize with the color schemes of the rooms and halls.

In the afternoon, at 5 o'clock, the newly married couple left here for Newport, to stay at The Breakers until they sail for Europe early in February.

The bride is the daughter of the late Cornelius Vanderbilt. Her wealth is estimated at \$12,000,000 to \$15,000,000. The bridegroom—Count Laszlo Jeno Maria Henrik Simon Szecsenyi—is hereditary member of Hungarian House of Magnates; fourth son of the late Count Emerich Szecsenyi, who was ambassador from Emperor-King Francis Joseph to Berlin.

The wedding gifts are said to exceed \$1,000,000 in value and are guarded day and night by detectives.

The Thaw Trial.
New York, Jan. 27.—When the Thaw trial opened today it was the general opinion of counsel and all concerned that it would reach the jury before the end of the week. The defense expects to close today, although the length of the hypothetical question may carry their case over until the noon recess tomorrow.

The first witness today was Dr. Charles W. Francis Biogaman, of Pittsburgh, Thaw family physician who testified about Thaw's early illness which included brain fever, fits, St. Vitus' dance, measles and other diseases childhood is generally heir to. Thaw, as a child, was a sufferer from extreme nervous trouble, the doctor declared, and he told of twitching of the face and mouth which has been so dwelt on by the preceding witnesses who have testified as to the defendant's childhood.

Dr. Sydney Russell Wells, of London, was the next witness. He is a member of the Synod of the University of London and is on consulting staffs of several London hospitals.

At 12:35 p. m. the defense completed all of its direct evidence in the Thaw trial and the reading of the hypothetical question to the three experts was begun by Littleton.

Following conferences between counsel at recess it was generally agreed that the case will go to the jury Wednesday night.

No false pretense has marked the career of Ely's Cream Balm. Being entirely harmless, it is not responsible like the catarrh snuffs and powders for minds shattered by cocaine. The great virtue of Ely's Cream Balm is that it speedily and completely overcomes nasal catarrh and hay fever. Back of this statement is the testimony of thousands and a reputation of many years' success. All druggists, grocers, or mailed by Ely Bros., 60 Warren street, New York.

The Torpedo Flotilla at Buenos Ayres.

Buenos Ayres, Argentina, Jan. 27.—The round of guests for officers of the visiting American torpedo flotilla, which arrived here yesterday, began today. Until Thursday when the fleet of little vessels will sail, excursions to various points of interest receptions by officials and prominent clubs and various entertainments will be the order. The harbor is gaily decorated for the visitors and practically the entire population turned out yesterday to greet the visitors. The little warships came into port escorted by Argentine warships, which met them at the mouth of the River Plate. Commander Moreno, of the naval department, was among the first officials to board the Whipple and explain the plans for entertaining the visitors. Today the first of the trips was taken and tonight a reception will be given by President Alcora.

Motion Denied.

New York, Jan. 27.—Judge Rosalby in the court of general session today denied the motion of District Attorney Jerome made a month ago to punish Paul D. Cravath, the well-known attorney, for criminal contempt for refusing to answer questions concerning his connection with Thomas F. Ryan before the November grand jury which investigated the Traction Company. The judge also severely criticized Jerome's manner of conducting the grand jury investigation. He scored what he termed the "illegitimate presentation of evidence" to the investigating jury. District Attorney Jerome, the judge asserted, had no right to question Ryan relative to alleged crimes of which he had been accused.

Another Fire in Baltimore.

Baltimore, Md., Jan. 27.—Fire is raging in the immense tanks of the Standard Oil Company, located at First Avenue and Fifth street, in the southeast suburbs of the city. Already thousands of gallons of oil have been consumed. A high wind prevails and the fire threatens to spread to the granary and other property nearby. One man is reported killed.

At noon the fire was still burning fiercely, flames leaping 100 feet into the air. At this time it was estimated that a half million gallons of oil had been consumed.

Million Dollar Fire.

Portland, Me., Jan. 27.—At least a million dollars damage has been done by a fire which swept Portland business district today and last night, and although now under control, is still burning briskly. Twice when the weary fire-fighters thought they had the upper hand, the flames broke away from them, and it was not until after daylight that they dared send home the aid furnished by neighboring cities. At that time five Maine and New Hampshire cities had apparatus on the scene and stoking the exhausted firemen of the local department.

Fire in Chicago.

Chicago, Jan. 27.—Half a million dollars' property was destroyed, James Gallagher, fireman, is buried in the ruins, and twenty other firemen received injuries in fighting a fire which started after three o'clock this morning in the printing plant of Dunn & Co. When the high wind carried the flames to the roof of the Florence Hotel, scenes of great confusion followed. Twenty-five or thirty inmates including five women, rushed to the street partly dressed. Many of them carried their clothes in their arms and hurried to near by houses to dress.

Cured of Lung Trouble.

"It is now eleven years since I had a narrow escape from consumption," writes C. O. Floyd, a leading business man of Kershaw, S. C. "I had run down in weight to 135 pounds, and coughing was constant, both by day and by night. Finally I began taking Dr. King's New Discovery, and continued this for about six months, when my cough and lung trouble were entirely gone and I was restored my normal weight, 170 pounds. Thousands of persons are healed every year. Guaranteed at all drug stores. 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottle free."

Father and Child Burn to Death.

New York, Jan. 27.—Dependancy because his wife had left him and had him haled to court charged with non-support is alleged by his relatives to have caused Gennaro Bernardino, a barber, to have ended his life today by setting fire to his little home on the top floor of a tenement at 163 Mulberry street. Bernardino's seventeen-month-old child, Carmine, perished with him.

DR. STAFFORD'S WILL.

Mrs. Helen C. Whitton, sister of the late Dr. Denis J. Stafford, pastor of St. Patrick's Church, Washington, on Saturday filed a petition for the probate of her brother's will. The personal estate of Dr. Stafford is valued at \$12,000, and comprises bonds of the Capital Fraction Company of the par value \$7,000, twenty-six shares of the Washington Gaslight Company stock and his library, pictures and personal effects.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy a Safe Medicine for Children.

In buying a cough medicine for children never be afraid to buy Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. There is no danger from it, and relief is always sure to follow. It is intended especially for coughs, colds, croup and whooping cough, and there is no better medicine in the world for these diseases. It is not only a certain cure for croup, but, when given as soon as the croupy cough appears, will prevent the attack. Whooping cough is not dangerous when this remedy is given as directed. It contains no opium or other harmful drugs, and may be given as confidently to a baby as to an adult. For sale by W. F. Craghton and Richard Gibson.

DIED.

On Sunday, January 26, 1908, of pneumonia, Mr. RICHARDS CARSON TRIPLETT, Funeral from his late residence, "Round Hill," Tuesday, the 28th, at 12 o'clock noon. Friends are invited to attend. Interment in Presbyterian cemetery, Alexandria. [Washington papers please copy.]

IN MEMORIAM.

In sad and loving remembrance of our dear beloved son, GEORGE H. NORRIS, who died January 26, 1904, four years ago yesterday. Gone but not forgotten.

MOTHER AND FATHER.

Reductions in RAISINS and CURRANTS. Best Selected Raisins, 12c. Best Cleaned Currants, 10c. For sale by J. C. MILBURN.

NEW PRUNES and EVAPORATED APPLES last received by J. C. MILBURN.

HONEY—White Clover Honey, in frames for sale by J. C. MILBURN.

Evaporated Apples, in frames for sale by J. C. MILBURN.

KORRECT SHAPE
We are the largest makers of **55. GUARANTEED SHOES** in the World. Fifty years of first-class boot making backs this guarantee.

If the upper of a \$5 "Korreet Shape" shoe breaks through before the sole is worn through, we will replace with a new pair of shoes.

Carried in Stock by **P. M. Bradshaw's** and 1st. Class Boot Shops Generally.

Virginia News.

Samuel Kidwell, of Hillsboro, died at his residence Thursday of heart trouble, aged 74 years.

The barge John A. Briggs, which broke away from the tug Covington during a gale Friday, was towed to Newport News yesterday.

Albert G. Allegree, a well-known liveryman of Charlottesville, died Friday night at his home, Locust Grove, in the sixty-sixth year of his age.

R. J. Haines, chief inspector of the Southern Bell Telephone Company at Newport News, was killed by a live wire in the back yard at his residence Saturday.

Dr. J. L. Triplett, a well-known banker and ailler who resides in Mount Jackson, has been fined \$20 for selling wine, the product of his own vineyard. Much of the wine was sold to be used in the administration of the holy communion.

Fire starting on the second floor from a lighted cigarette almost wrecked the interior of the Masonic Temple at Hampton early Saturday morning, entailing a loss of about \$7,000. Many valuable Masonic emblems in the lodgeroom were destroyed.

Fire Saturday night destroyed the barn and stable of James Branch, near Smithfield, Isle of Wight county. Nine horses and twenty-seven cows perished in the fire, and the entire corn and peanut crop of Branch was destroyed. The loss approximates \$10,000.

At a meeting held in Richmond Saturday Mr. Warren P. Taylor, traffic manager of the Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac Railway, was elected president of the Commonwealth Club in place of Judge James Keith, who was chosen last Thursday, but who found it impossible to accept.

Mrs. J. W. Gillespie, of south Olton, was burned to death Saturday night in a fire which destroyed her home. It was believed that all the inmates had made their escape, but when the fire had burned itself out the charred remains of Mrs. Gillespie were found. She was seventy-five years old.

A dispatch from Bristol says Ack Hale will be arraigned today for the second time for the murder of his sweet-heart, Lillie Davis, in East Hill Cemetery, last March. His brother, Roy Hale, will be tried at Jonesboro next week for the murder of Iry Davis, a brother of Lillie Davis, as a result of a difficulty growing out of Ack Hale's attentions toward the Davis girl.

Mr. James Robertson, a gallant Confederate soldier, died in Lynchburg Friday. During the war Mr. Robertson, was badly wounded at one of the engagements in the valley, and was left on the field for dead. He revived and that night crawled through the snow two miles to camp, where the surgeon pronounced him fatally wounded. Mr. Robertson, however, recovered, and fought until the end of the war, receiving three more wounds.

Wholesale Prices of Produce.

Hour Extra.....	4 00	4 25
Family.....	5 00	5 25
Fancy brands.....	5 50	5 75
Wheat, longberry.....	0 98	1 02
Mixed.....	0 83	0 86
Pat., rev.....	0 70	0 73
Damp and tough.....	0 60	0 65
New Corn, per bbl.....	3 00	2 75
Corn, white.....	0 73	0 75
Pat., rev.....	0 70	0 73
Yellow.....	0 80	0 83
Corn Meal.....	0 80	0 82
Oats.....	0 78	0 80
Oat Bran.....	0 58	0 60
White, new.....	0 63	0 66
Elgin Print Butter.....	0 72	0 75
Butter, Virginia, packed.....	0 16	0 18
Conch Virginia.....	0 23	0 26
Coming to milking.....	0 30	0 31
Eggs.....	0 30	0 31
Live Chickens (hens).....	0 41	0 42
Stripped Chickens.....	0 14	0 15
Dressed Hogs.....	0 78	0 80
Pork, per 100 lbs.....	2 75	2 80
Red Potatoes (barrel).....	2 80	3 00
Yams.....	1 00	1 25
Onions, per bushel.....	1 00	1 25
Dried Cherries.....	0 12	0 14
Apples, per bushel.....	0 90	1 00
Apples, per barrel.....	0 90	3 50
Dried Peaches, peeled.....	0 104	0 14
Pork, per 100 lbs.....	7 50	8 50
Bacon, country hams.....	0 152	0 16
Best sugar-cured hams.....	0 152	0 16
Pork, per 100 lbs.....	0 152	0 16
Breakfast Bacon.....	0 124	0 13
Sugar-cured shoulders.....	0 10	0 104
Bulk shoulders.....	0 04	0 11
Dry Salt slides.....	0 06	0 08
Tat back.....	0 06	0 08
Bellies.....	0 04	0 05
Sugars—Brown.....	4 35	4 44
Oil A.....	4 40	4 45
Conf. standard.....	4 00	4 85
Oil B.....	4 30	4 40
Coffee—Rio.....	0 104	0 14
LaGuayra.....	0 15	0 18
Java.....	0 18	0 24
Molasses B. S.....	0 9	0 14
C. B.....	0 17	0 22
Blackstrap.....	0 16	0 22
Sugar Syrup.....	0 26	0 28
Porto Rico.....	0 18	0 35
Salt—G. A.....	0 62	0 66
Flint.....	0 82	1 30
Wool—long, unwashed.....	0 28	0 29
Washed.....	0 28	0 29
Merrino, unwashed.....	0 28	0 29
Do, washed.....	0 28	0 29
Wool—short, unwashed.....	0 26	0 28
Potomac No 1.....	3 50	4 25
No. 1 Cut Potomac Herring.....	4 25	4 50
Potomac family row.....	4 50	5 00
Do, half herring.....	4 25	5 00
Do, small.....	3 25	3 50
Mackerel, small per bbl.....	12 00	14 00
No. 3 medium.....	14 00	14 50
No. 2.....	15 00	16 00
Flounder, ground, per ton.....	4 50	5 00
Shad.....	4 50	5 00
Lump.....	4 50	5 75
Clayey Seed.....	6 50	7 50
Timothy.....	2 35	2 5
Hay.....	21 00	22 00

Heavy dark Cape Cod OYSTERS for sale by
J. C. MILDEN.